# 120, 125 & 103

automatic balancing valves









#### Introduction

The Altecnic automatic balancing valves (ABV) are used to keep the flow rate constant, at the design value, in air conditioning and heating system.

They automatically balance the circuit by ensuring the design flow rate to each terminal unit irrespective of changes elsewhere in the system.

Altecnic automatic balancingl valves are available both as a flow regulator or complete with a ball shut-off valve.

#### Product Range

- 120 Automatic balancing valve with stainless steel cartridge and ball valve.
- 125 Automatic balancing valve with stainless steel cartridge.
- 103 Automatic balancing valve with stainless steel cartridges, wafer pattern for fitting between flanges.

#### Materials

Material	Grade
DZR	BS EN 12165 CW602N
DZR	BS EN 1982 CB752S
Stainless steel	BS EN 10088-2 (AISI 304)
Stainless steel	BS EN 10270-3 (AISI 302)
EPDM	
DZR	BS EN 12164 CW602N
Brass	BS EN 12165 CW614N
Chrome plated	
PTFE	
EPDM & PTFE	
Steel - zinc plated	
Cast iron	BS EN 1561 EN-JL1030
Stainless steel	BS EN 10088-2 (AISI 304)
Stainless steel	BS EN 10270-3 (AISI 302)
Non-asbestos fibre	
DZR	BS EN 12164 CW602N
	Material DZR DZR Stainless steel Stainless steel EPDM DZR Brass Chrome plated PTFE EPDM & PTFE Steel - zinc plated Cast iron Stainless steel Stainless steel Stainless steel Non-asbestos fibre DZR

## **Technical Specification**

Medium:		Water glycol solution
Max. percentage glycol: 120 & 125		50%
Max.working pressure:		25 bar
Max. temperature range:	120	0 to 110°C
	125	-20 to 110°C
∆p range:		7 to 100 kPa
		22 to 220 kPa
		35 to 410 kPa
-low range:		0.12 to 15.5 m <sup>3</sup> /h
		0.033 to 4.30 l/s
Accuracy:		±5%
103		
Max.working pressure:		16 bar
Max. temperature range:		-20 to 110°C
∆p range:		22 to 220 kPa
_,		35 to 410 kPa
-low range:		9 to 3850 m <sup>3</sup> /h
•		2.5 to 1,069 l/s
Accuracy:		±5%
Connections		
Pressure test ports - female	2:	1⁄4" BS EN ISO 228
Main - female:	120 & 125	BS EN 10226-2
Main - Fitting between PN1	16 flanges:	

BS EN 1092-1

#### Dimensions



103

Code	A	В	C	D	F	kg
125141	Rc½	101	52.5	30	1⁄4″	0.55
125151	Rc³⁄₄	106	52.5	30	1⁄4″	0.58
125181	Rc1½	177	105	38.5	1⁄4″	2.25
125191	Rc2	176	105	38.5	1⁄4″	2.45
125101	Rc2½	230	133	48.5	1⁄4"	4.36



Code	А	В	С	D	F	kg
125161	Rc1	140.5	102	33.5	1⁄4"	1.02
125171	Rc1¼	148	102	33.5	1⁄4"	1.06

Dimensions



Code	А	В	С	D	E	F	kg
120141	Rc½	156.5	52.5	50	100	1⁄4″	1.1
120151	Rc³⁄₄	159.5	52.5	50	100	1⁄4"	1.1
120181	Rc1½	253	84	88	140	1⁄4"	4.6
120191	Rc2	253	84	88	140	1⁄4"	4.6



Code	А	В	С	D	E	F	kg
120161	Rc1	218.5	68	66	120	1⁄4"	2.3
120171	Rc1¼	220.5	68	66	120	1⁄4″	2.3



Code	А	В	С	D	kg
10311	DN65	208	185	172	7.5
10321	DN80	212	200	172	11.6
10331	DN100	216	220	172	12.4
10341	DN125	271	250	223	16.6
10351	DN150	271	285	223	24.1
10361	DN200	287	360	223	41.6
10371	DN250	295	425	223	58.1
10381	DN300	319	515	223	93.3
10391	DN350	311	555	223	108.2

#### **Circuit Balancing**

Modern heating and air-conditioning systems have to guarantee a high level of thermal comfort with a low energy consumption.

This means supplying the terminal emitters with the correct design flow rates, to produce balanced hydraulic circuits.

#### Unbalanced Circuits

In case of an unbalanced circuit, the hydraulic imbalance between emitters creates areas with temperatures which are not uniform, and, as a consequence, problems with thermal comfort and higher energy consumption.





## **Circuit Balancing**

## Circuits Balanced by Manual Valves

Traditionally, circuits are balanced using manual balancing valves.

With manual balancing valves, the circuits are only balanced at full load conditions and any changes within the circuits can affect the balance and flow rate to individual circuits to a greater or lesser degree.





## Circuits Balanced by Automatic Balancing Valves

AFC valves balance the circuit automatically, by ensuring each terminal emits the design flow rate.

Even in the case of partial circuit closure by means of the regulating valves, the flow rates in the open circuits remain constant at the designated value.

The system always maintains the greatest comfort and energy savings.



## Function

## The Altecnic automatic balancing valve is intended to maintain a constant flow rate when the upstream differential pressure varies.

It is therefore necessary to refer to the  $\Delta p$  - flow rate diagram and to a basic diagram illustrating the operating methods and the relevant variable effects.

#### Operating principle

The regulating element of these devices is composed of a cylinder and a piston with fixed and variable geometry orifices, through which the fluid flows. The surface area of these orifices is governed by the piston movement when pushed by the flow. A specially calibrated spring counteracts this movement.

Altecnic automatic balancing valves are high performance automatic regulators. They regulate selected flow rates within a very tight tolerance (approx. 5%) and offer a wide range of operation.

#### Below the Control Range



In this case, the regulating piston remains fully out without compressing the spring and gives the medium the maximum free flow area.

In practice, the piston acts as a fixed orifice and thus the flow through the ABV depends solely on the differential pressure.





 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Kv}_{\rm o,01}{=}0.378\times{\rm G}_{_0}\;\Delta p \mbox{ range 7 - 100 kPa} \\ {\rm Kv}_{\rm o,01}{=}0.267\times{\rm G}_{_0}\;\Delta p \mbox{ range 14 - 220 kPa} \\ {\rm Kv}_{\rm o,01}{=}0.169\times{\rm G}_{_0}\;\Delta p \mbox{ range 35 - 410 kPa} \quad \mbox{where } {\rm G}_{_0} = \mbox{design flow rate} \end{array}$ 

Operating principle

## Within the Control Range



If the differential pressure is within the control range, the piston compresses the spring and gives the medium a free flow area to permit the designated flow to pass.





#### Above the Control Range



In this case, the piston is fully compressed and only allows flow through the fixed orifice.

The flow rate through the ABV thus depends solely on the differential pressure.



#### Selecting the control range or $\Delta p$ range of the AFC valve

Automatic balancing valves are available with different control ranges, so as to satisfy a wide array of system requirements.

By definition, the control range is contained between two differential pressure values:

## range $\Delta p: \Delta p_{flow} - \Delta p_{return}$

The choice must be made taking into account the following:

- differential pressure at the start of the control range. This value must be added to the fixed loss of head in the circuit in the most unfavourable conditions. In this case it is necessary to evaluate the available pump head.
- differential pressure at the end of the control range. If this value is exceeded the cartridge spring is fully compressed and the device no longer performs any regulating action. It will be necessary to switch to a higher control range.

The following control ranges are available.

- 7 100 kPa Can be used in sealed circuits served by pumps with a limited head.
- 0.07 1 bar For example in small heating systems with wall-mounted boilers that have their own internal circulator.
- 22- 220 kPa Can be used in the majority of sealed systems.
- 0.22 2.2 bar The ample control range allows it to be inserted with a minimum additional differential pressure, amounting to 22 kPa.

35- 350 kPaCan be used in open systems, for example in water distribution systems or with high level of available head, for example in<br/>district heating systems. The high upper limit, 410 kPa (4.1 bar), makes proper operation possible within the control range.

#### Sizing the Circuit with Automatic Balancing Valves (ABVs)

Sizing the circuit containing Automatic balancing valves is particularly easy to accomplish.

As illustrated alongside by the example diagrams, calculation of the loss of head in order to choose the pump is made by referring to the most unfavourable circuit and by adding this value to the minimum differential pressure required by the ABV.

In the example the circuits have the same nominal flow rate.

The ABV, located on intermediate circuits, automatically absorb the excess differential pressure to ensure the corresponding nominal flow rate.

As the regulating valves open or close, the cartridge repositions itself dynamically to maintain the nominal flow rate (50% load = circuits 3, 5, 7, 8 closed).

For more detailed information on sizing a system with Altecnic Automatic Balancing valves, please refer to the Altecnic Technical Department. Regulating valve



Differential pressures ( $\Delta p$ )

Δp along the circuit (flow and return)



## **Construction Details**

#### Stainless steel cartridge

The flow cartridge is made entirely of stainless steel, suitable for use in air conditioning and heating systems.

It is fully compatible with glycols and other additives used in these systems.

## Wide range of working pressures

The flow cartridge provide precise regulation of the flow rate over a wide range of working pressures. It is factory calibrated to keep the flow rate within  $\pm 5\%$  of the set value.

For these reasons it can be used in system circuits both as branch valves and directly at the terminal emitters.

#### Ball valve

The control stem of the ball valve is blow-proof and the reversible closing lever is covered with vinyl.

#### Replaceable cartridge

The flow cartridge is a complete assembly so as to permit easy removal from the body for inspection or replacement.

The cartridge is retained in the body by spring and some combinations require an adaptor piece, to allow greater flexibility in cartridge selection for a give size of body.







#### Flow Rate Table for 120 Series

Code	Kv (m³/h)	Min Working ∆p (kPa)	∆p Range (kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)	
120141	6.90	7	7 to 100	0.45, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0. <mark>9</mark> , 1.0	
120151	7.73	7	7 to 100	0.45, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	Jail Jain Contraction
120161	17.04	7	7 to 100	0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	and the second se
		Min Working	∆p Range		
Code	Kv (m³/h)	Min Working ∆p (kPa)	∆p Range (kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)	
Code 120141•••	Kv (m³/h) 6.90	Min Working ∆p (kPa) 22	∆p Range (kPa) 22 to 220	Flow rate (m³/h) 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4	4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8
Code 120141 120151	Kv (m³/h) 6.90 7.73	Min Working ∆p (kPa) 22 22	∆p Range (kPa) 22 to 220 22 to 220	Flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /h) 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4	4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8
Code 120141 120151 120161	Kv (m³/h) 6.90 7.73 17.04	Min Working ∆p (kPa) 22 22 22 22	△p Range (kPa) 22 to 220 22 to 220 22 to 220	Flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /h) 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8,	4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25
Code 120141 120151 120161 120171	Kv (m³/h) 6.90 7.73 17.04 17.74	Min Working △p (kPa) 22 22 22 22 22	Δp Range (kPa) 22 to 220 22 to 220 22 to 220 22 to 220 22 to 220	Flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /h) 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8,	4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25

		Min Working	∆p Range	
Code	Kv (m³/h)	∆p (kPa)	(kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)
120141•••	6.90	7	35 to 410	0.25, 0.35, 0.45, 0.55, 0. <mark>7</mark> , 0.9, 1.1, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75
120151	7.73	212	35 to 410	0.25, 0.35, 0.45, 0.55, 0.7, 0.9, 1.1, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75
120161	17.04	216	35 to 410	1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 6.0
120171	17.74	271	35 to 410	1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 6.0
120181	47.24	271	35 to 410	3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.5, 15.5
120191•••	48.89	287	35 to 410	3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.5, 15.5

2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0

## Flow Rate Table for 125 Series

48.89

22

22 to 220

120191•••

Code	Kv (m³/h)	Min Working ∆p (kPa)	∆p Range (kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)	
125141•••	6.69	7	7 to 100	0.45, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.	9, 1.0
125151	7.58	7	7 to 100	0.45, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.5	9, 1.0
125161•••	13.42	7	7 to 100	0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0	

		Min Working	∆p Range	
Code	Kv (m³/h)	∆p (kPa)	(kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)
125141•••	6.69	22	22 to 220	0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8
125151•••	7.58	22	22 to 220	0.12, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8
125161•••	13.42	22	22 to 220	0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25
125171	13.26	22	22 to 220	0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25
125181•••	34.72	22	22 to 220	2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0
125191•••	37.88	22	22 to 220	2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0
125101•••	75.82	22	22 to 220	9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.5, 14.5, 15.5, 16.5, 17.0, 18.0, 19.5, 20.5, 21.5, 22.5

		Min Working	∆p Range	
Code	Kv (m³/h)	∆p (kPa)	(kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)
125141•••	6.69	35	35 to 410	0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.45, 0.55, 0.7, 0.9, 1.1, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75
125151•••	7.58	35	35 to 410	0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.45, 0.55, 0.7, 0.9, 1.1, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 2.25, 2.5, 2.75
125161•••	13.42	35	35 to 410	2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0
125171•••	13.26	35	35 to 410	2.5, 2.75, 3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0
125181•••	34.72	35	35 to 410	3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.5, 15.5
125191•••	37.88	35	35 to 410	3.0, 3.25, 3.5, 3.75, 4.0, 4.25, 4.5, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.5, 15.5
125101•••	75.82	35	35 to 410	6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 11.0, 18,0, 19.0, 20.0, 21.0, 22.0

## Coding for ABV Cartridges

For correct identification of the 120 and 125 valves including the cartridge the code must be in the following order;



with Δp range 35–410 kPa														
m³/h	digit		m³/h	digit		m³/h	digit		m³/h	digit	m³/h	digit	m³/h	digit
0.25	H25		1.60	1H6		3.50	3H5		6.50	6H5	11.0	11H	21.0	21H
0.35	H35		1.80	1H8		3.75	3H7		7.00	7H0	12.0	12H	22.0	22H
0.45	H45		2.00	2H0		4.00	4H0		7.50	7H5	13.0	13H		
0.55	H55		2.25	2H2		4.25	4H2		8.00	8H0	14.5	14H		
0.70	H70		2.50	2H5		4.50	4H5		8.50	8H5	15.5	15H		
0.90	H90		2.75	2H7		5.00	5H0		9.00	9H0	18.0	18H		
1.10	1H1		3.00	3H0		5.50	5H5		9.50	9H5	19.0	19H		
1.40	1H4		3.25	3H3		6.00	6H0		10.0	10H	20.0	20H		

#### Flow Rate Table for 103 Series

Code	DN	Min Working ∆p (kPa)	∆p Range (kPa)	Flow rate (m³/h)
103111•••	65	22	22 to 220	9 to 22.5
103113•••	65	35	35 to 410	18 to 22.5
103121	80	22	22 to 220	18 to 22.5
103123•••	80	35	35 to 410	18 to 22.5
103131	100	22	22 to 220	18 to 22.5
103133•••	100	35	35 to 410	18 to 22.5
103141•••	125*	22	22 to 220	16.5 to 61
103143•••	125*	35	35 to 410	18 to 45
103151	150	22	22 to 220	16.5 to 122.5
103153•••	150	35	35 to 410	18 to 155
103161	200	22	22 to 220	32 to 215
103163•••	200	35	35 to 410	36 to 270
103171	250	22	22 to 220	64 to 338
103173•••	250	35	35 to 410	72 to 425
103181	300	22	22 to 220	95 to 460
103183•••	300	35	35 to 410	115 to 580
103191	350	22	22 to 220	160 to 580
103193•••	350	35	35 to 410	190 to 730



Supplied with BS EN 1092-1 PN16 flanges, studs, gaskets and pressure test points.

#### Minimum differential pressure required

This is equal to the minimum working  $\Delta p$  of cartridge (22 or 35 kPa)

#### Example

 $\Delta p_{required} = \Delta p_{AFC Valve} = 22 \text{ or } 35 \text{ kPa}; (0.22 \text{ or } 0.35 \text{ bar})$ 

Pump head  $H = \Delta p_{circuit} + \Delta p_{required}$ 

- The flow rates are available in increments of approximately 1 m<sup>3</sup>/h

- They are available on request with sizes from DN400 to DN800 with flow rates up

to 3850 m<sup>3</sup>/h

\* They are available on request with 4" ANSI flanges

## Coding for Cartridges

For correct identification of the 103 valves including the cartridge the code must be in the following order;



#### Notes:

Installation of Automatic Flow Control Valve

In air-conditioning systems, ABVs must be installed on the circuit return pipe - see typical installation examples.

#### Sizing the system with Automatic Balancing Valve

For more detailed information on sizing a system with ABVs, please refer to the 2nd volume of the Altecnic Handbook and the technical bulletin "Dynamic balancing of hydronic circuits". This gives theoretical calculations, numerical examples and notes on the application of the above-mentioned devices in circuits.

#### Medium

ABVs can be used with fluids other than water. In this case it is recommended to contact our Technical Department to select the most suitable product.

Typical Application for ABVs 🗾







To guarantee the design flow rates (with open or closed valve) to the various zones of a system.







Typical Application for ABVs 🗾







To balance the circuits that serve chiller unit evaporators or condensers.





To limit the hot water flow rate delivered in systems with instantaneous production or limited capacity.



## **Typical Applications**

To Balance heating and chilled water systems.

To limit the flow rate delivered to each user in district heating systems.

Suitable for industrial applications requiring water/solution to be delivered in a designated quantity.

#### Minimum differential pressure

Minimum differential pressure is the sum of two values;

The minimum working pressure of the AFC cartridge.

The  $\Delta p$  created by the design flow rate through the body only

This can be calculated using  $k\nu_{0.01\text{.}}$ 

## Example

125 AFC valve 1" size with flow rate  $\rm G_0$  = 2500 l/h,  $\Delta p$  range 22-220 kPa.

 $\Delta p_{\text{required}} = \Delta p_{\text{Cartridge}} + \Delta p_{\text{Body}} = 22 + (G_0/kv_{0.01})$  $= 22 + (2500/1342)^2 = 25.5 \text{ kPa}$ 

Pump head  $H = \Delta p_{circuit} + \Delta p_{required}$ 

## Checking the Flow Rate using the Pressure Ports

It is sufficient to check the differential pressure from upstream to downstream, using the pressure provided ports (1) - (2).

If the differential pressure is contained within the control range (range  $\Delta p$ ) indicated on the data plate, then the flow rate is equal to the nominal value.

To take the measurement, simply use a differential pressure gauge. Snap-on pressure test ports 100 series and electronic measuring station 130 series can be used as accessories.

## Drain Valve

The cover (3) contains a connection which can be used to fit a drain valve.



#### Electronic Manometer - 130



Electronic flow rate and differential pressure measuring station. Supplied complete with shut-off valves and connection fittings. May be used for  $\Delta p$  measurements and setting of balancing valves.

Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> transmission between  $\Delta p$  measuring station and remote control unit.

Versions complete with remote control unit with Windows Mobile® or with Android® application for Smartphone and Tablet.

## Code

130006 - complete with remote control unit, with Android® application.

130005 - without remote unit, with Android® application.

## Pressure Test Points - 100



Pair of pressure/temperature points. Brass body. EPDM seals. Max. working pressure: 30 bar. Working temperature range: -5 to 130°C Connections: 1⁄4" M.

#### Drain Valve - 538



Drain cock with hose connection. Connections sizes ¼" and ½" Max. working pressure: 10 bar. Max. working temperature: 110°C

Altecnic Ltd Mustang Drive, Stafford, Staffordshire ST16 1GW T: +44 (0)1785 218200 E: sales@altecnic.co.uk Registered in England No: 2095101

altecnic.co.uk AL 278 04-01-19 E & O.E © Altecnic Limited. 2017 ALTECNIC™

